

EXA-DUNE: Flexible PDE Solvers, Numerical Methods and Applications

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Munich, March 20, 2017



EXA-DUNE Project Goals

Develop open-source reusable, efficient, scalable and resilient components for the numerical solution of PDEs

Based on DUNE (Freiburg, Berlin, Heidelberg, Münster,...)

- Flexible software framework, 100+ man-years, GPL-license
- Dimension-independent, different mesh types, hierarchical local refinement, separate mesh/linear algebra, MP parallel
- Efficiency: code generation / static polymorphism in C++
- Applications: Navier-Stokes, Euler Maxwell, elasticity,...

And FEAST (Dortmund)

- Hardware oriented numeric
- Multicore/GPGPU/MPI implementation

Applications: (Multiphase) flow in porous media

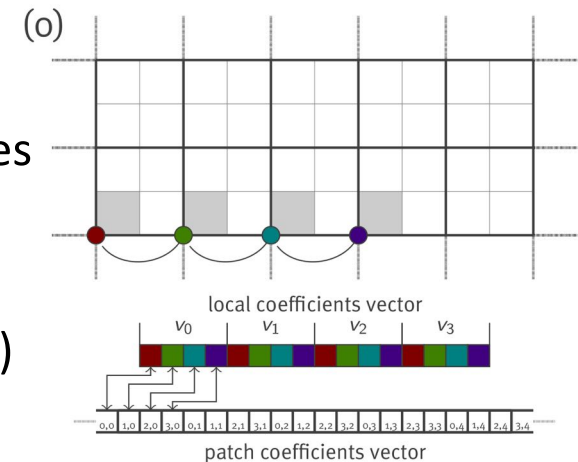
Main Topics covered in 2016

- Enhanced Node-level performance
 - Vectorisation for low order schemes
 - Application of sum-factorization to more complex problems
 - Combination of matrix-free and matrix-based iterative solvers
 - Hardware-aware preconditioning
- Resiliency
 - Fault tolerant multigrid
- Applications:
 - EEG inversion
 - Miscible Displacement
 - Adaptive Multiscale Methods
 - Multilevel Monte-Carlo
 - Land-Surface Model

SIMD for low-order Schemes:

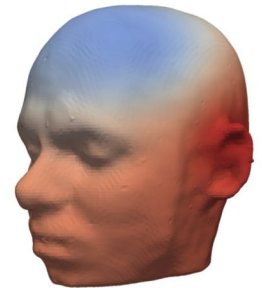
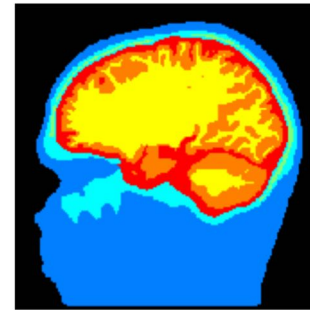
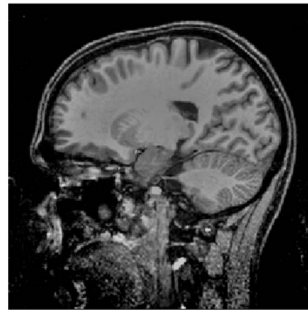
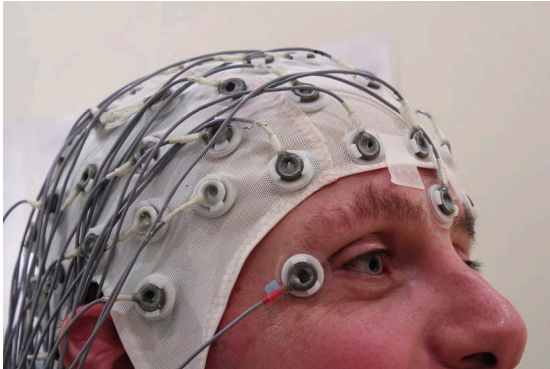
Vectorisation over multiple Elements

- Laplace-Equation
- Matrix assembly for conforming FEM, Q_1 Lagrange basis, patch grid
- Intel Haswell E5-2698v3, 2.3 GHz, 16 cores, AVX2, 4 lanes
- Advertised 30 GFLOPs/sec per core
- Advertised 480 GFLOPs/sec total (\rightarrow % peak)
- Peak without FMA: 15 GFLOPs/sec per core (\rightarrow % avail)
- Timing for Matrix Assembly:



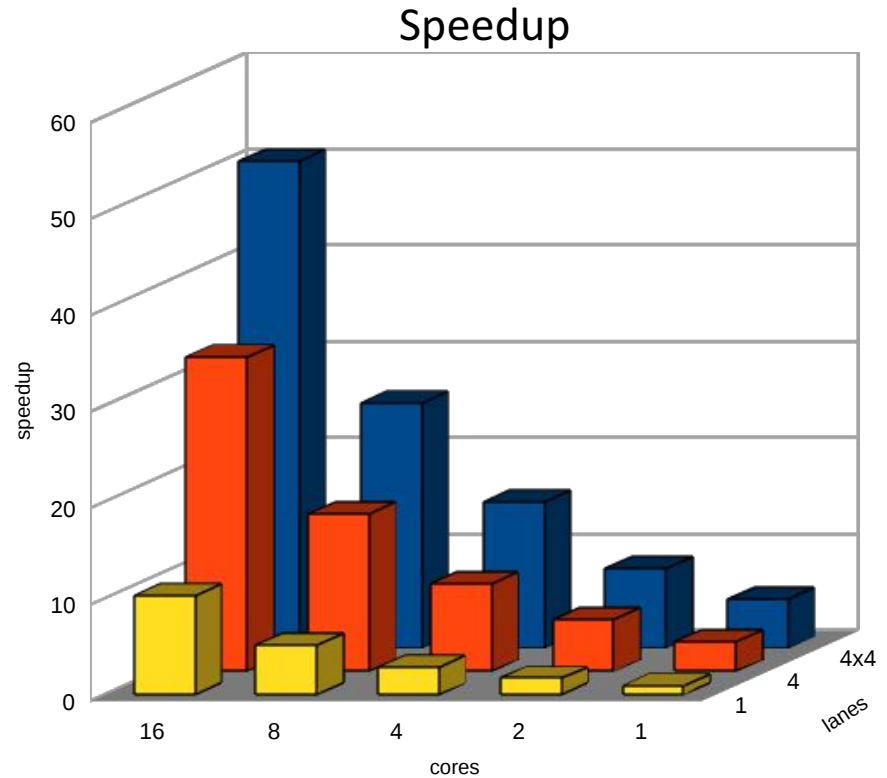
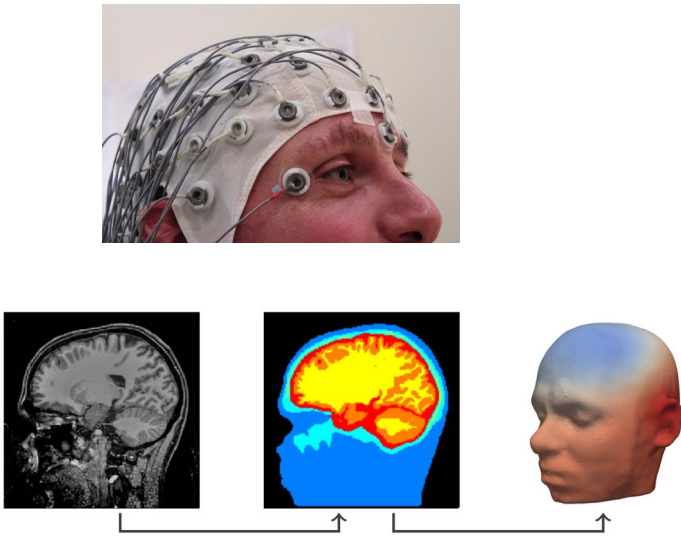
SIMD	lanes	thread	runtime	GFLOP/sec	% avail	% peak
none	1	1	38.6 s	3.0	19.2	0.6
none	1	16	2.5 s	47.3	19.4	9.7
AVX	4	1	16.6 s	5.0	32.0	1.0
AVX	4	16	1.1 s	72.9	30.0	15.0

SIMD for low-order Schemes: Vectorisation over multiple Problems



- EEG measurements, 200+ electrodes
- Goal: reconstruct brain activity from surface potential measurements
- For each electrode solve (stationary) adjoint problem to obtain sensitivity, requires solution of linear equation system with identical Matrix **A**
- Vectorise over several adjoint problems, solve multiple linear equation systems simultaneously with CG solver and AMG preconditioner

SIMD for low-order Schemes: Vectorisation over multiple Problems



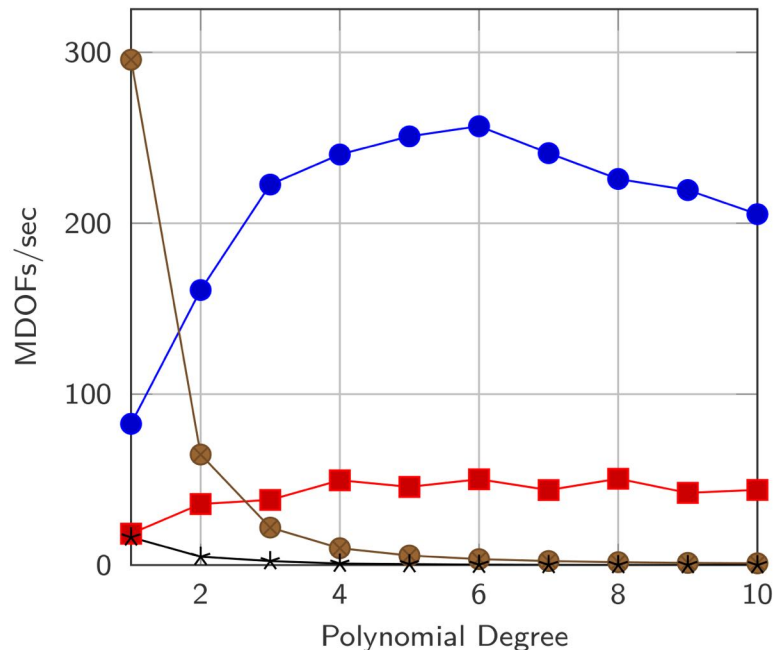
- conforming Q_1 FEM, Lagrange basis
- 256 electrodes, 300'000 grid cells, 60'000 vertices
- Speedup 50 on E5-2698v3, 2.3 GHz, 16 cores (max. theoretical speedup 64)

High-performance (high-order) DG Solver

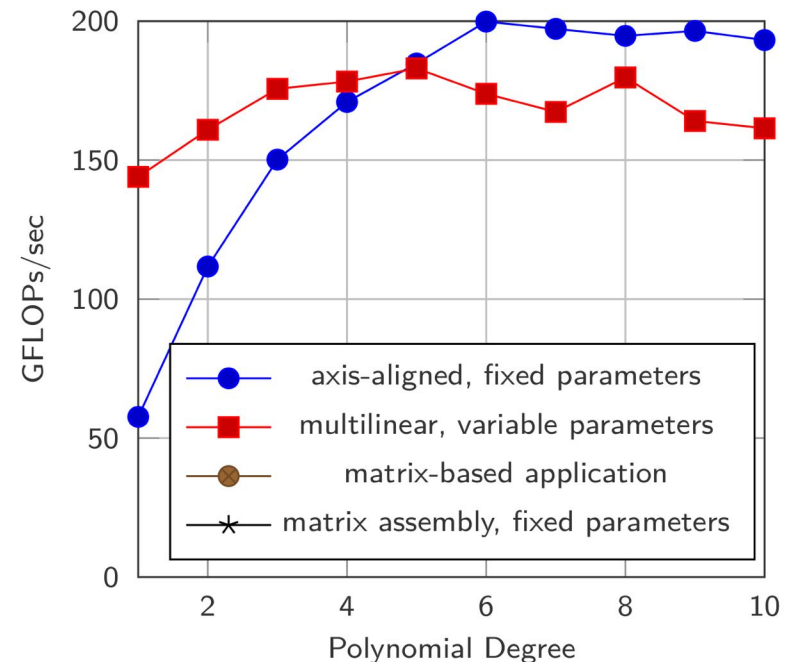
- Extended assembly to meshes with multi-linear geometry using sum-factorized geometry evaluation
- Fully vectorised parameter evaluations and geometry calculations at quadrature points

Sum-Factorized DG Assembly: Results

Computational Throughput (1 Socket)



Hardware Utilization (1 Socket)



- Full operator application/assembly for two problems of different computational intensity,
2x Intel Xeon E5-2698v3 2.3 GHz, 16 cores, AVX2, fully loaded
- Smaller problem size for matrix-based computations due to memory constraints

High-performance (high-order) DG Solver

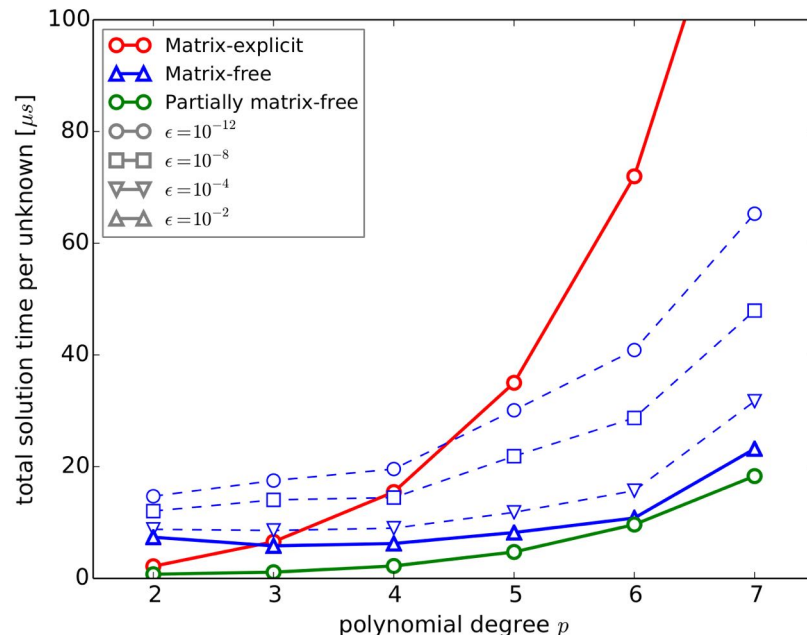
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- Applying sum-factorized assembly to Navier-Stokes problems (cooperation with Marian Piatkowski, Heidelberg)
- Incorporating knowledge into code generation framework (cooperation with Dominic Kempf, René Heß, Heidelberg)

High-performance (high-order) DG Solver

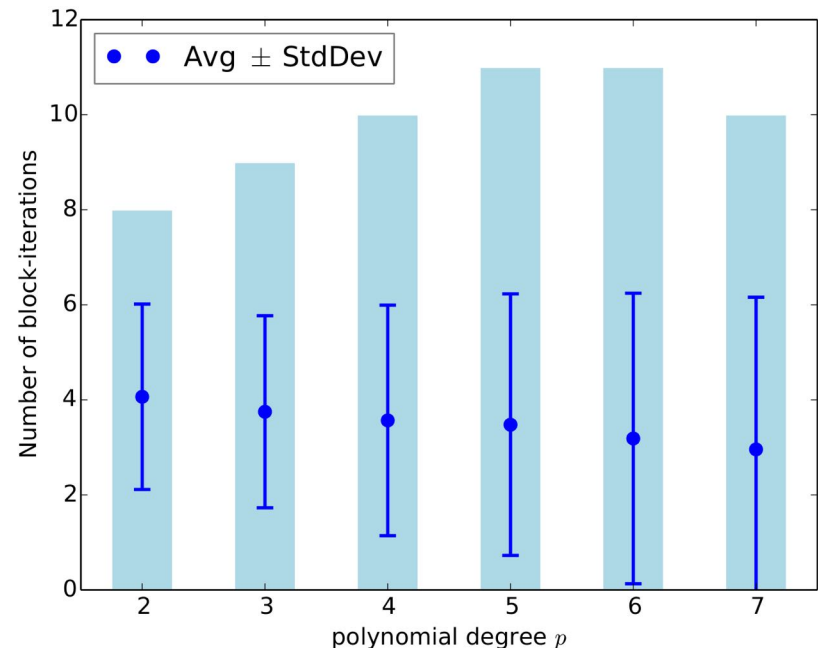
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- Improved inversion of diagonal blocks in partially matrix-free two-level preconditioner (matrix-free for DG + AMG on $P_{0,1}$ subspace, cooperation with Eike Müller, Bath):
 - Different types of Krylov solvers (BiCGStab, GMRES)
 - Block SSOR and tridiagonal preconditioners (for more complicated problems less amenable to block Jacobi)

Sum-Factorized DG Assembly: Results

Total Solution Time



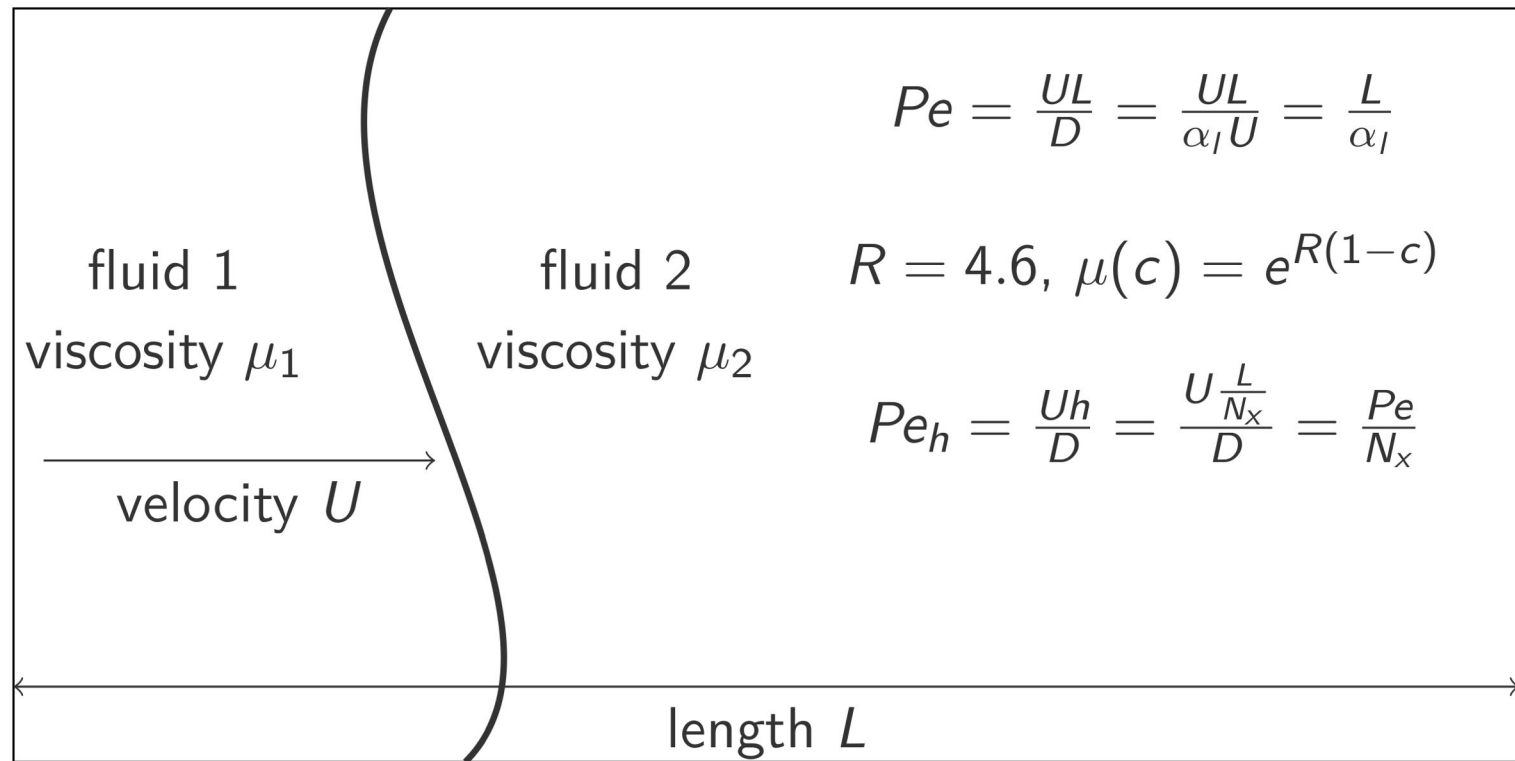
Number of block-iterations $\epsilon=10^{-2}$



Results by Eike Müller (University of Bath)

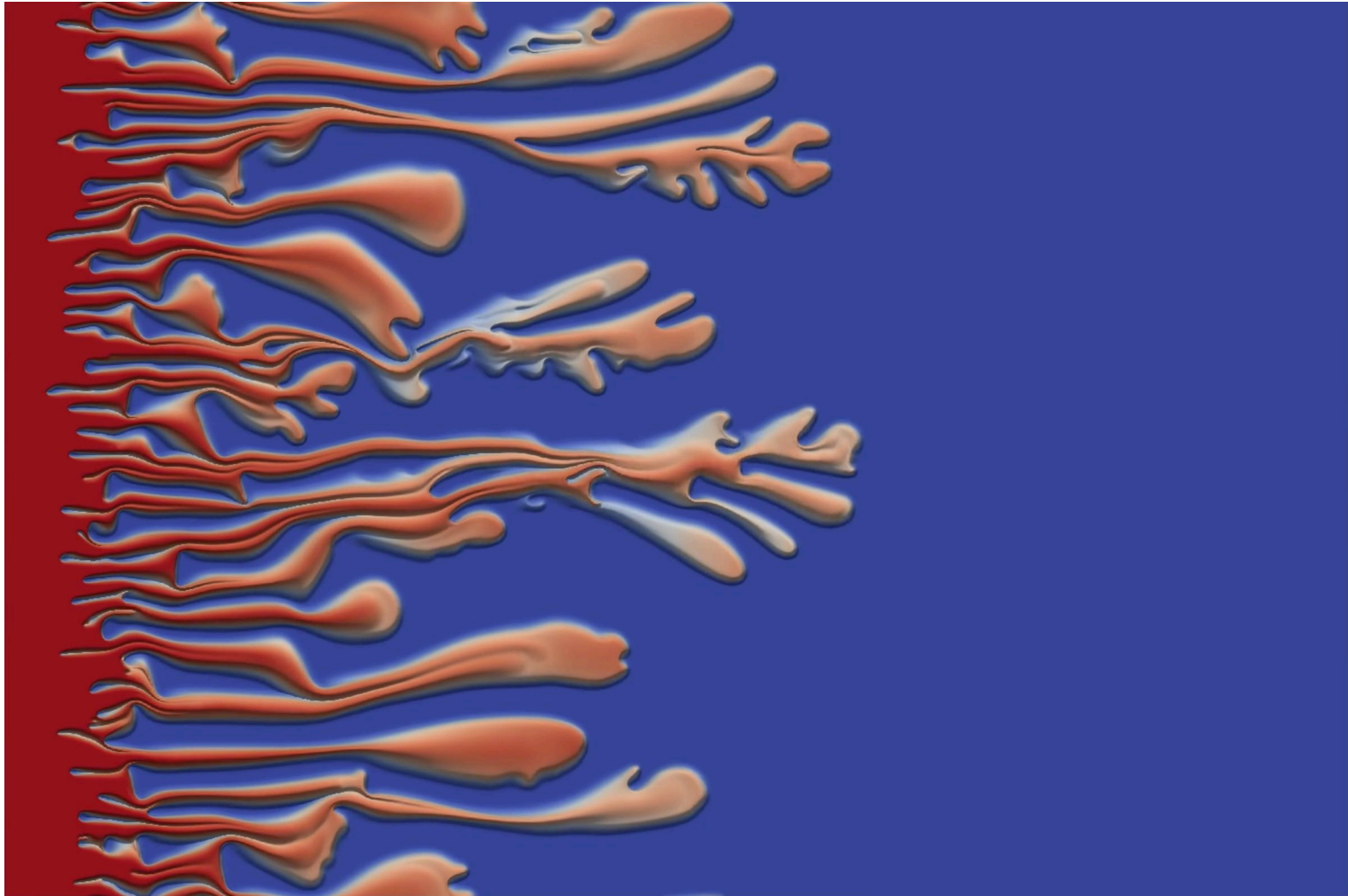
- SIPG for 3D stationary convection diffusion equation
- GMRES + tridiagonal preconditioner (large grid Peclet number)
- Slight advantage for storing inverted blocks (partially matrix-free) but larger memory footprint

Miscible Displacement Problem



- Application in CO₂ sequestration or polymer flooding
- unstable flow for $R > 0$
- Needs $Pe_h \approx 1$ to avoid unphysical oscillations
- Aspect ratio 3 : 2, periodic boundary conditions in y -direction

Miscible Displacement $Pe = 7200$, $Pe_h = 2$

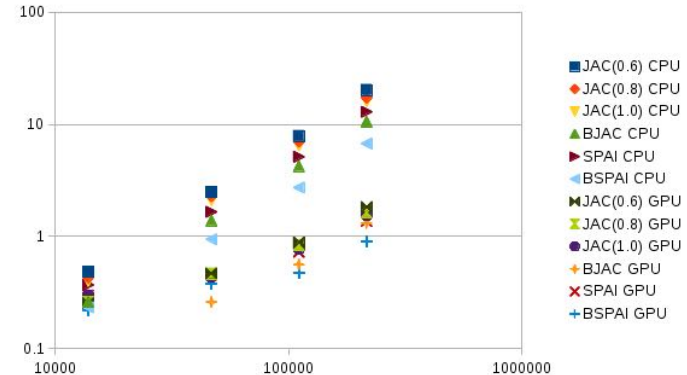


$155 \cdot 10^6$ DOF in 2D, $p=1$, 2nd order Alexander-scheme, 17'000 time steps
128 Xeon E5-2630 v3, 8 core, 32h

Hardware-aware preconditioning

A versatile, accelerator-exploiting preconditioner for DUNE based on approximate inverses

- First phase: $\mathbf{u} \leftarrow \mathbf{M}\mathbf{v}$, $\mathbf{M} = \text{SPAI}(\mathbf{A}) \approx \mathbf{A}^{-1}$
Proved to be numerically effective
- 2016: assemble \mathbf{M} efficiently on CPU and GPU:
Different approaches featured:



Standard

Many Householder transform-based QR decompositions, batched on GPU

cuBLAS, cuSPARSE and MKL
~4x GPU v. CPU

Monte Carlo

Partial randomization via Markov Chains

$$m_{ij} = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{s=1}^N \left(\sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{W_q}{a_{ii}} \delta_{s_q j} \right)$$

CUDA and MKL
~5x GPU v. CPU

Machine Learning

Treat matrices as discrete functions in a function regression train a Deep Learning Net with pairs $(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{A}^{-1})$
Make inference for \mathbf{M}

First results with fixed sparsity, Implementation with TensorFlow
CPU and GPU



Fault Tolerance

- New fault-tolerant multigrid (geometric and algebraic)
- Basic idea: use properties from Full Approximation Scheme-Multigrid to protect the linear case
- At the moment targets bit flips, node loss still work in progress
- Local failure local recovery, no communication for faulty inner DOF
- Fault detection and correction within one Multigrid cycle
- Enables using Multigrid (V, F, W) as a preconditioner
- Very few false positives, < 10% overhead
- Parallel implementation in FEAT and DUNE::ISTL almost completed

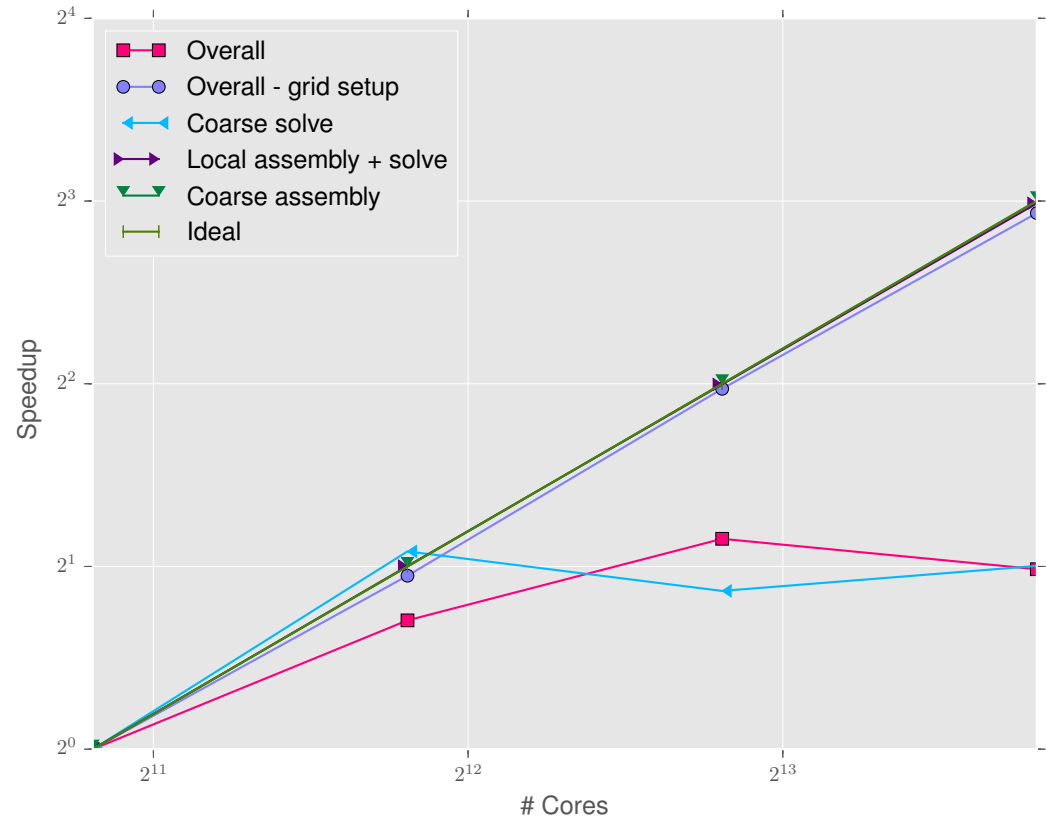
V-cycle	poisson	dico	andi	andicore
fault-free	4	6	14	7
classic	4.225(272)	6.268(335)	15.111(850)	7.466(439)
ftmg	4.038	6.007	14.007	7.017
false-positive	13	21	27	25
worse	15	1	0	1

Averaged iterations
from 4000 test runs,
error probability 10^{-7}
per DOF per
smoothing step

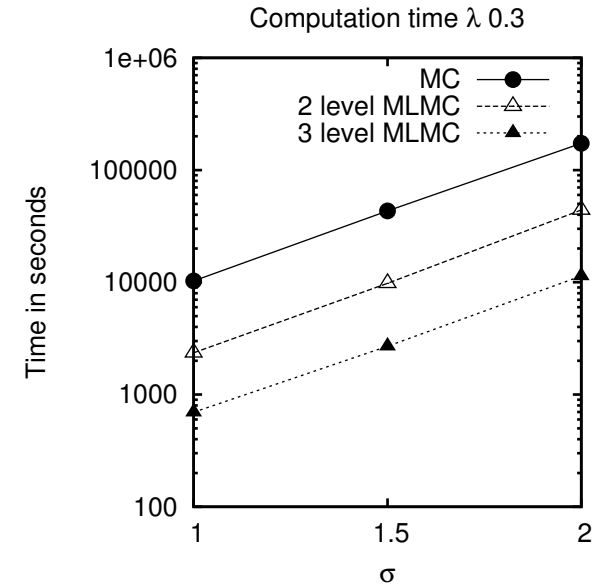
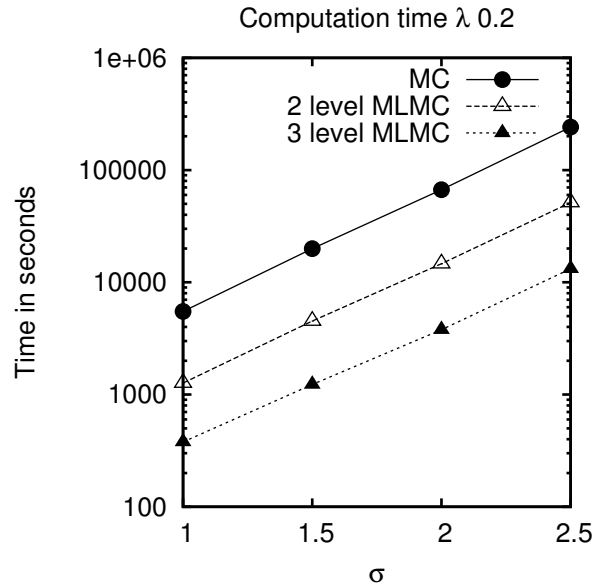
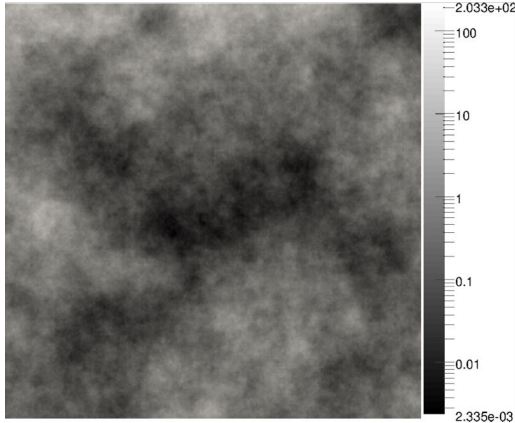
Q_1 -Finite Elements, 10^6 DOF

Application: Adaptive Multiscale Methods

- Strong scaling of Multiscale-Finite Element Code:
 $96^3 = 884'736$ cubes on coarse scale with 12^3 fine cells per coarse cell,
 $1.5 \cdot 10^9$ cells in total
- Phase 2 target: Adaptive multilevel hybrid implementation of the localised reduced basis method
 - Prototype for parallel SWIPDG discretization on arbitrarily partitioned grids
 - Realized Python bindings as a precursor to implementing model reduction in pyMOR



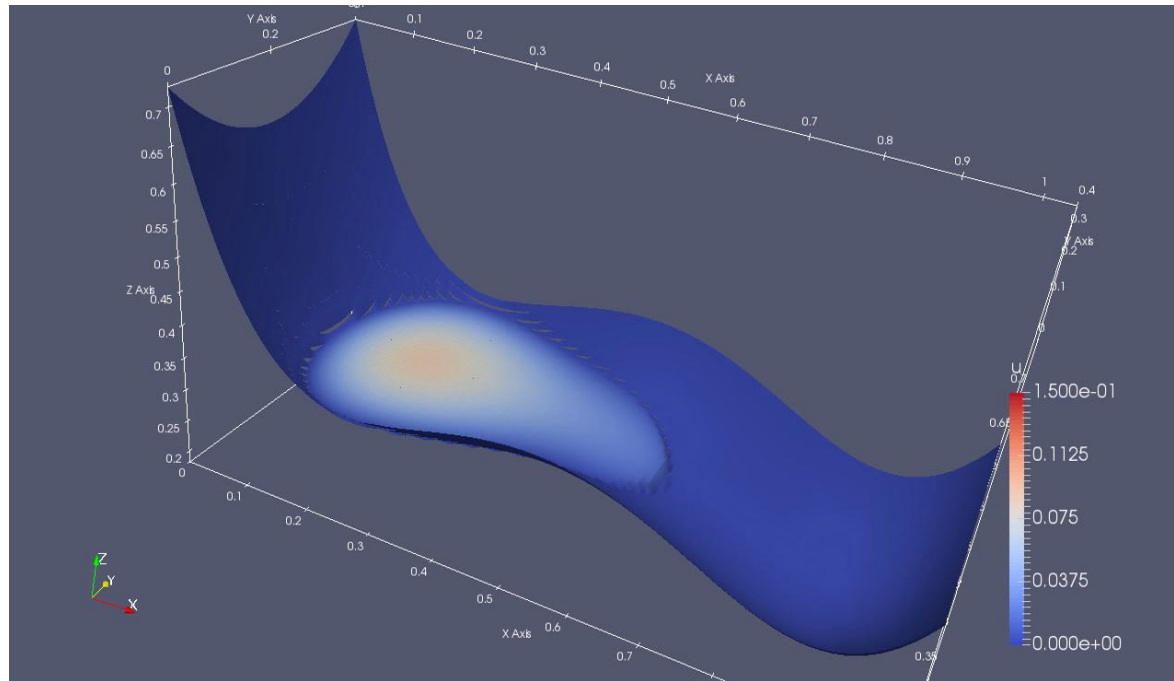
Application: Multilevel Monte-Carlo



$$-\nabla \cdot [k(x, \omega) \nabla p(x, \omega)] = 0$$

- Good acceleration with Multilevel Monte-Carlo compared to standard Monte-Carlos scheme
- Ongoing work on improvement of parallelization and permeability generator

Application: Land-Surface-Model



- Diffusive Wave Approximation for surface runoff
 - Parallel arbitrary order DG Implementation
 - Factor 10'000 speedup with semi-implicit Time-Discretization compared to explicit scheme
- Richards-Equation for subsurface flow
 - Parallel arbitrary order DG Implementation
 - Diagonally-implicit Runge-Kutta in time, Newton for linearization
- Operator-Splitting, surface/subsurface coupling with special form of Dirichlet-Neumann Coupling (ongoing work)

Activities and Outreach

Conferences and Workshops

- HPC-FEA: High-Performance Computing in Finite Element Applications, Minisymposium, Pilsen (Czech Republic), together with **SPPEXA** and **TERRA-NEO**
- Exa-scale ready PDE solvers, Minisymposium, Algorithmmy 2016, Podbanske (Slovakia)

Summerschools and Tutorials

- Numerical GPGPU (2 times), Dortmund
- Accelerator Computing (with **SPPEXA** and **DASH**), Obernai (France)
- DUNE/PDELab Course, Heidelberg
- WUCSSS 2016, Bangkok (Thailand)
- ESSAM School on Mathematical Modelling, Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing, Kacov (Czech Republic)
- Summer School on Applied Mathematics and Scientific Computing, Manila (Philippines)

Invited Guests

Michael Ortiz (Caltech) , Svetozar Margenov (Bulgarian Academy of Science)

Cooperation

with **EXASTENCILS**, **TERRA-NEO**, **AIMES**, **ADA-FS**, **EXA-DG** and **EXAMAG**

10 Papers, 25 Keynotes, Talks and Posters related to SPPEXA in 2016

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Christian Engwer successfully completed Tenure-track at University of Münster